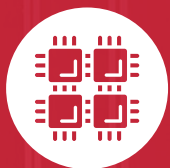


OWENS



JESSE OWENS  
OLYMPIC CHAMPION, BEACON FOR EQUALITY, YOUTH ADVOCATE



# Ohio Supercomputer Center

An OH·TECH Consortium Member

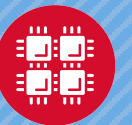
# Workshop Set up

- Workshop website:
  - [https://khill42.github.io/OSC\\_IntroHPC/](https://khill42.github.io/OSC_IntroHPC/)
- Workshop project – set up account at my.osc.edu
  - PZS0724
  - **Nq7sRoNrWnFuLtBm**
- **If you already have an OSC account, sign in to my.osc.edu**
  - **Go to Project**
    - **Project Access Request**



# Computing Services to Accelerate Research and Innovation

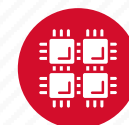
An introduction to OSC services, hardware, and environment





**Kate Cahill**  
Education & Training Specialist

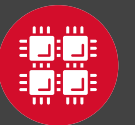
“OSC is here to empower your research.”





# About OSC

- Founded in 1987
- Statewide resource for all universities in Ohio
  - high performance computing services
  - computational science expertise
  - “ ... propel Ohio's research universities and private industry to the forefront of computational based research.”
- Funded through the Ohio Department of Higher Education
- Reports to the Chancellor
- Located on OSU's west campus
- Fiscal agent is OSU



# The OH-TECH Consortium



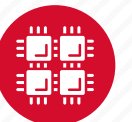
**Ohio Supercomputer Center** provides high performance computing, software, storage and support services for Ohio's scientists, faculty, students, businesses and their research partners.



**OARnet** connects Ohio's universities, colleges, K-12, health care and state and local governments to its high-speed fiber optic network backbone. OARnet services include co-location, support desk, federated identity and virtualization.



**OhioLINK** serves nearly 600,000 higher education students and faculty by providing a statewide system for sharing 50 million books and library materials, while aggregating costs among its 90 member institutions.



# Service Catalog



## Cluster Computing

A fully scalable center with mid-range machines to match those found at National Science Foundation centers and other national labs.



## Research Data Storage

High-performance, large capacity data storage spaces along with others that are perfect for a wide variety of research data.



## Education

High performance computing and networking resources come together to create an exciting and innovative teaching and research environment.



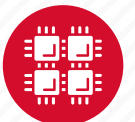
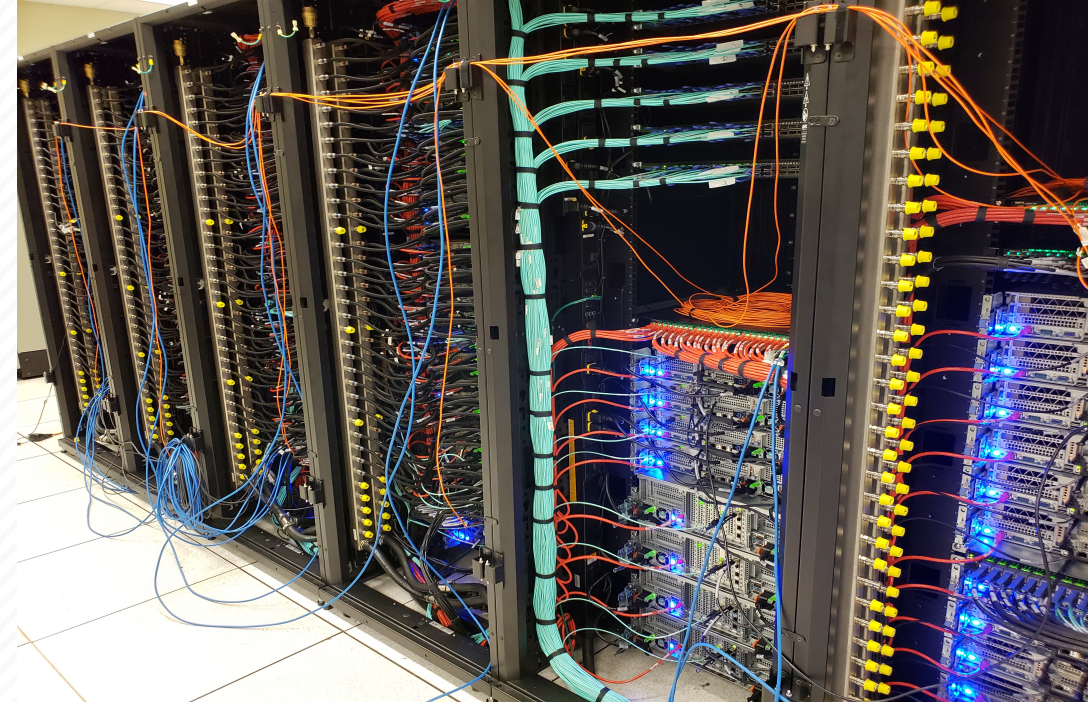
## Web Software Development

Our expert web development team helps you create custom web interfaces to simplify the use of powerful HPC resources.



## Scientific Software Development

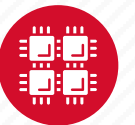
Deep expertise in developing and deploying software that runs efficiently and correctly on large scale cluster computing platforms.





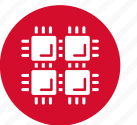
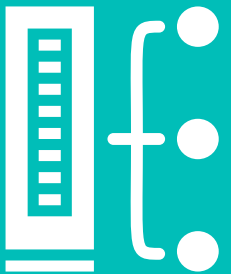
# HPC Example Projects and Concepts

“The difference between us and a computer is that, the computer is blindingly stupid, but it is capable of being stupid many, many million times a second.” – Douglas Adams



# Why would HPC be necessary for your work?

- Your simulations or analyses take too long on your personal computer
- The size of your data is too large to be contained (storage) or accessed (memory) on your computer
- You would like to free up your own system to do other tasks
- You need particular software for your work





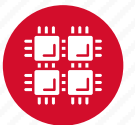


# Mapping

Researchers who normally use OSC systems to enhance satellite images of glaciers turned their technology to disaster relief assistance following Nepal's April 2015 earthquake

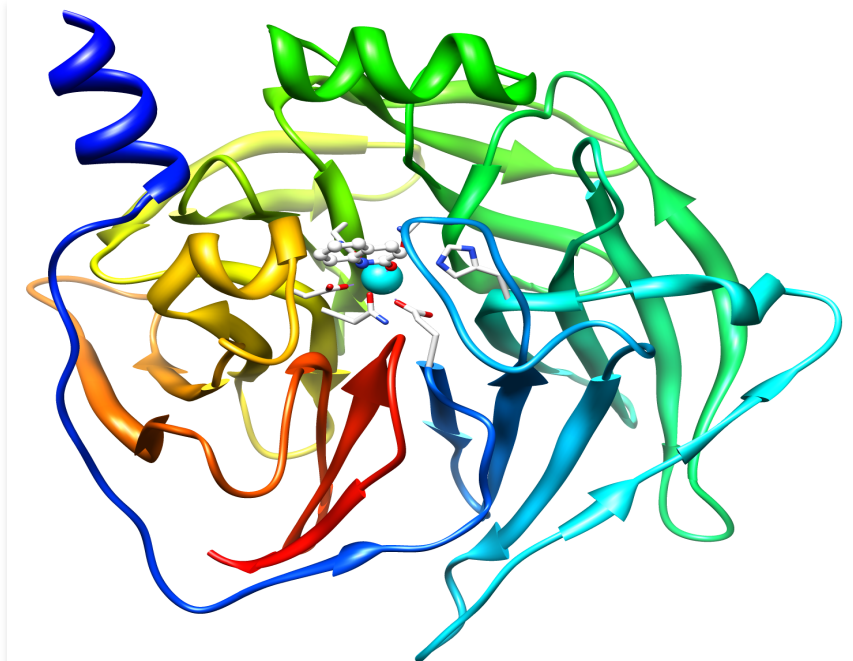
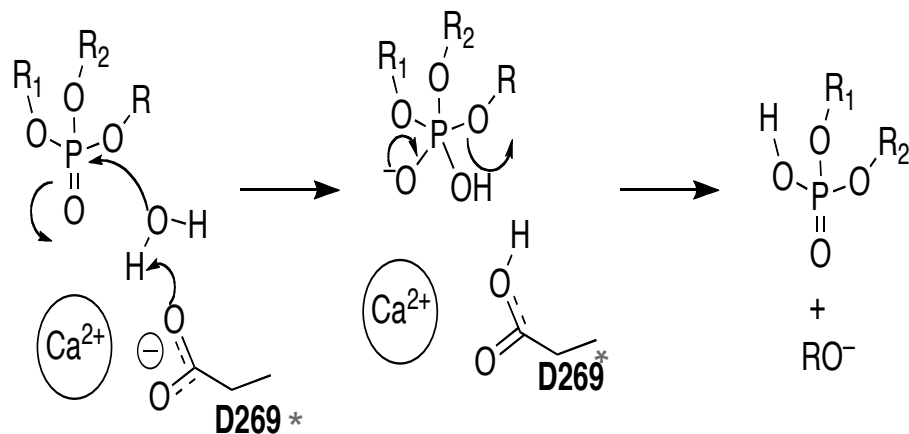
PI: Ian Howat, Ohio State University

Source: NSF Office of Polar Programs





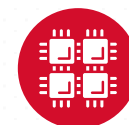
# Treating Nerve Agent Exposure



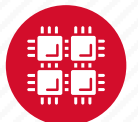
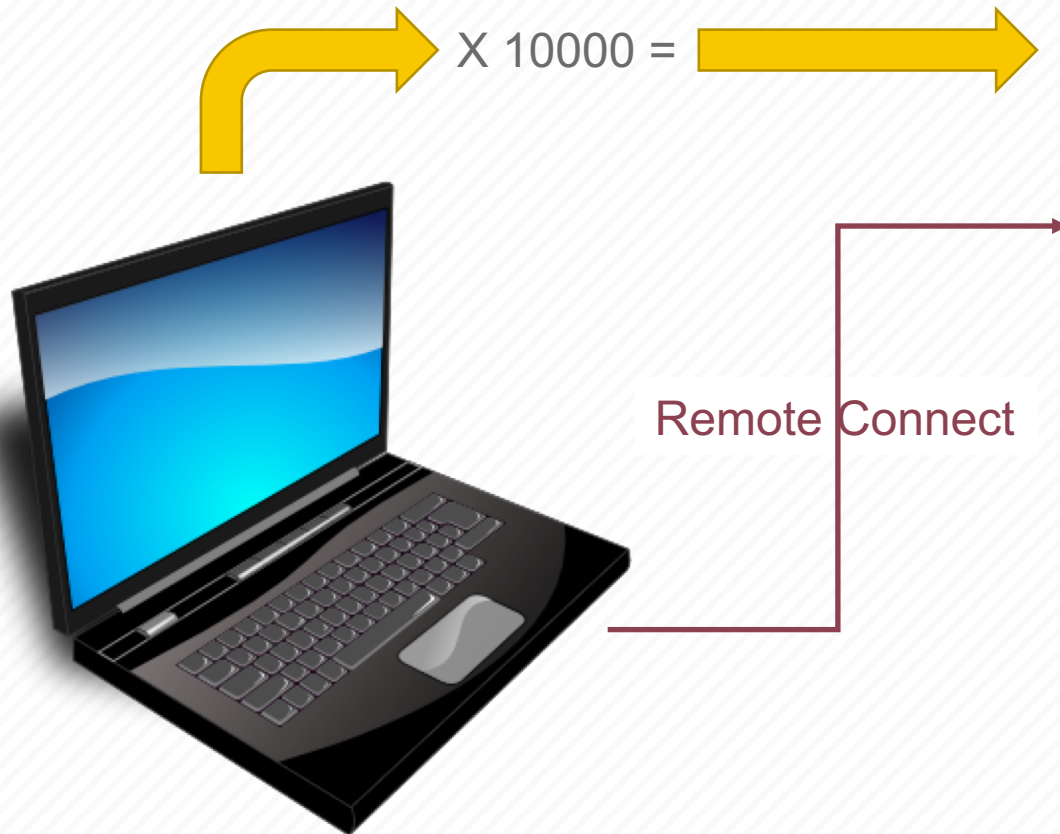
## Treating Nerve Agent Exposure

With the power of OSC computing services, a team studies how to capture and destroy organophosphorus nerve agents using modified proteins.

PI: Christopher Hadad, Ohio State University

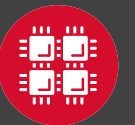


# What is the difference between your laptop and a supercomputer?

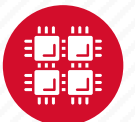
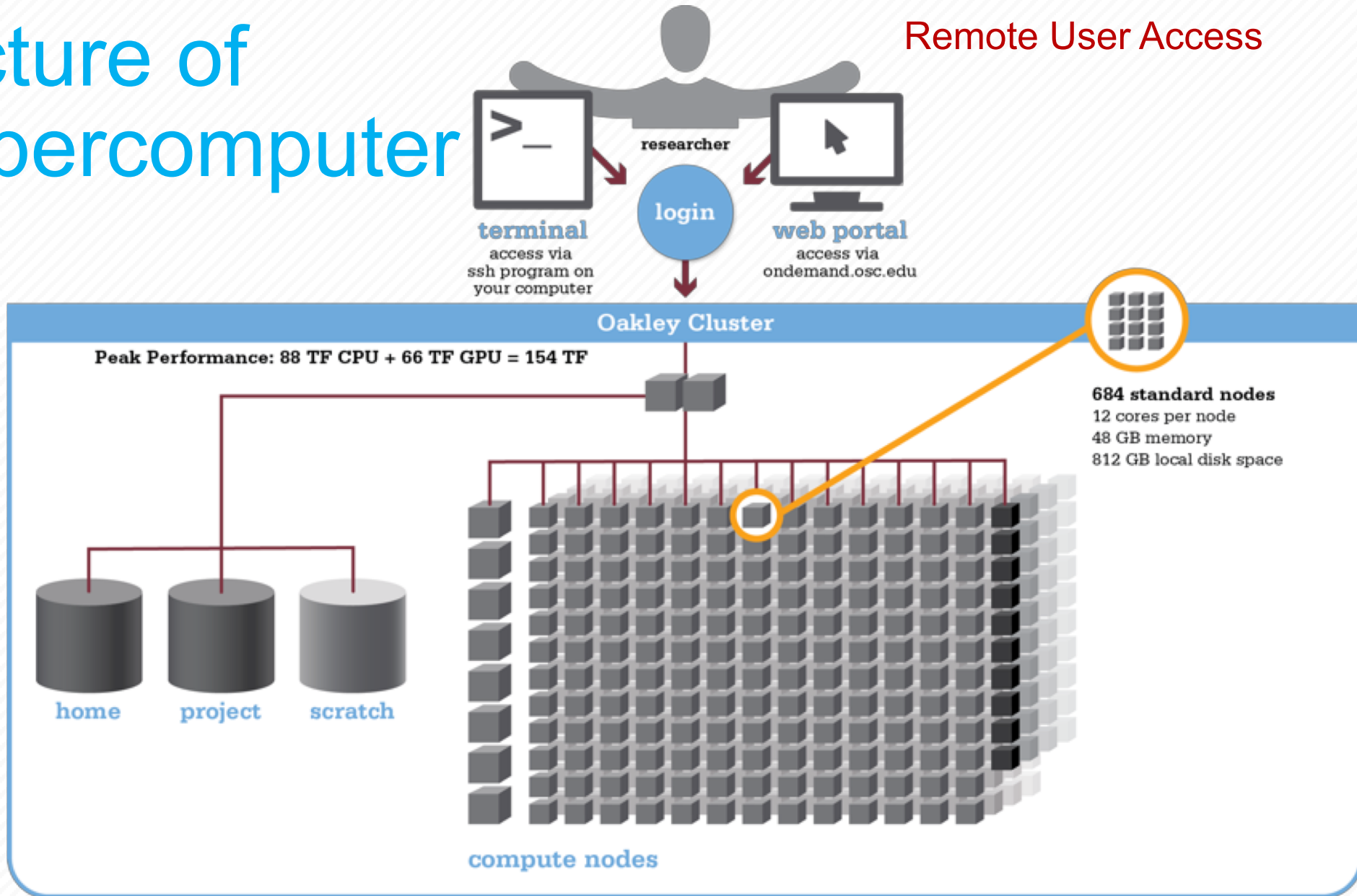


# HPC Terminology

- Cluster
  - A group of computers (nodes) connected by a high-speed network, forming a supercomputer
- Node
  - Equivalent to a high-end workstation, part of a cluster
- Core
  - A processor (CPU), multiple cores per processor chip
- FLOPS
  - “FLoating-point Operations (calculations) Per Second”
- GPU (Graphical Processing Unit)
  - A separate multi-core processor that can handle many small calculations



# Structure of a Supercomputer



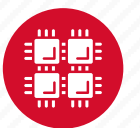


# Memory

- Holds data that is being calculated on, as well as computational instructions
- *Shared memory* is local to one node and several process

threads can share the same data addresses.

- *Distributed memory* is on multiple nodes and each process normally has its own copy or part of the data.



# Storage

Different types of “disk” for different needs

- Local disk in the node, often SSD
- Shared scratch

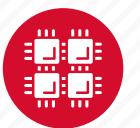
Parallel filesystems, eg Lustre or GPFS

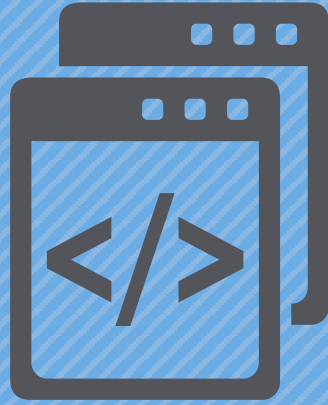
Traditionally tuned for high bandwidth, not high IOPS

May have a “burst buffer” layer in front of it

Short-term storage only!!

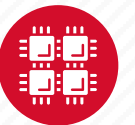
- Longer-term or archive





# Getting Started at OSC

“If you were plowing a field, which would you rather use? Two strong oxen or 1024 chickens?” - Seymour Cray



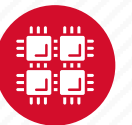
# Who can get an OSC project?

- Academic project
  - Principal investigator (PI) must be a full-time faculty member or research scientist at an Ohio academic institution
  - PI may authorize accounts for students, post-docs, collaborators, etc.
  - Classroom projects are also available
  - No cost to Ohio academic users
- Commercial projects
  - Commercial organizations may purchase time on OSC systems



# Accounts and Projects at OSC

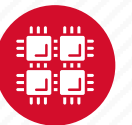
- Project
  - Headed by a PI
  - May include other users
  - Basis for accounting at OSC
  - Submit proposal for computing resources for a project
- Account
  - Username and password to access HPC systems
  - Each account used by one person (please!)
  - If you work on multiple projects, you will have one account that can access all of them





# Allocations and Charges

- Charges are in terms of resource units
- Resource units
  - **OWENS & PITZER** 1 resource unit (RU) = **10** CPU hours
  - **RUBY** 1 resource unit (RU) = **20** CPU hours
  - CPU hour = walltime x (total # of cores requested)
- Project receives an allocation of RUs
- Jobs are charged to a project



# Fee structure

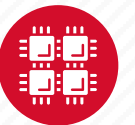
- The first 10,000 RUs on all academic projects are subsidized
- Usage above 10,000 RUs will be billed to the PI's institution at \$0.075/RU
- PIs should contact their Office of Research for details on local billing



# Requesting a New Project-

<https://www.osc.edu/supercomputing/support/account>

- Startup grant
  - One per PI per lifetime
  - Provide contact info, institution, department
  - 5000 RUs
- Additional allocations for a project
  - Submit a proposal for more RUs
    - Standard: 10,000
    - Major: 30,000
    - Discovery: >30,000
  - Peer-reviewed
  - Grants awarded by Statewide Users Group (SUG)
- Classroom accounts
- Request at [my.osc.edu](https://my.osc.edu)



# My.osc.edu

- Site for managing your identity at OSC
- Update your email
- Change your password
- Recover access to your account
- Change your shell
- And a lot more in the future
  - Project reporting
  - Authorized user management
  - Requesting services (e.g. software access)



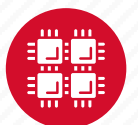
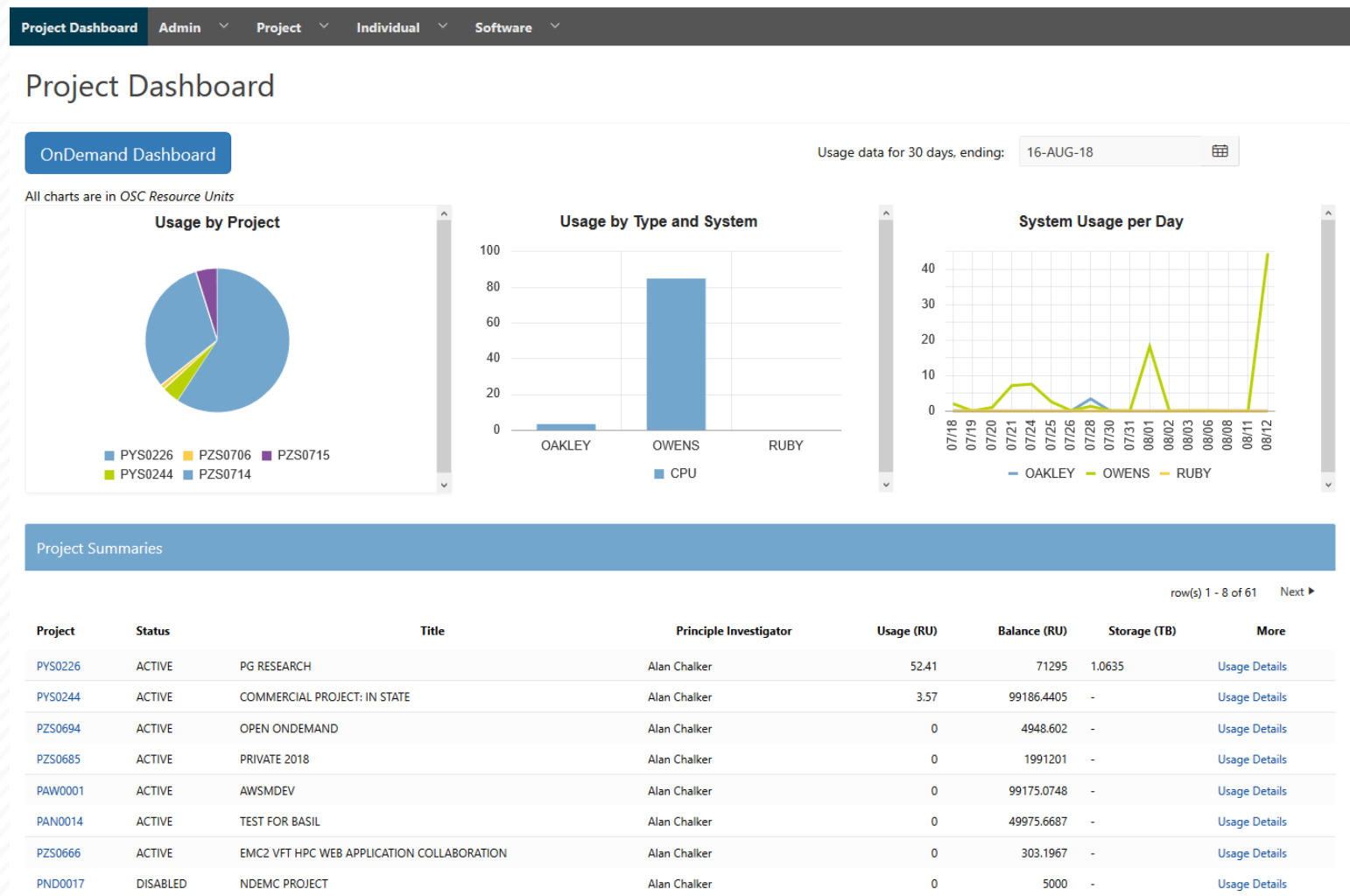
# Client Portal– my.osc.edu

## Features

- Create your account
- Update your email
- Change your password
- Recover access to your account
- Change your shell

## PI resources

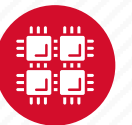
- Project reporting
- Authorized user management
- Requesting services (e.g. software access)





# Your Contact Info

- Keep your contact information current
  - Use [my.osc.edu](https://my.osc.edu) to manage your account details.
- If your student continues to use OSC after graduation, make sure email address is updated
  - Acceptable if still collaborating with you
- May need to contact you about problems
- Will need to contact you about regular password changes
- You can opt out of routine notifications



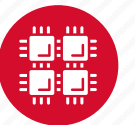
# System Status

- Check system status on:
  - Message of the day (/etc/motd) – displayed at login
  - Twitter: @HPCnotices
  - Email for major outages or problems
- Scheduled downtimes
  - Quarterly maintenance – usually one day outage
  - Jobs held for up to two weeks prior
  - Last downtime was February 5



# Statewide Users Group (SUG)

- The Statewide Users Group (SUG) is made up of OSC users
  - Provides program and policy advice to OSC
  - Meets twice a year
  - Headed by a chairperson elected yearly
- Standing committees
  - Allocations
  - Software and Activities
  - Hardware and Operations
- Get involved!
  - Next meeting will be April 18



# Citing OSC

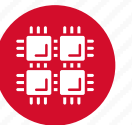
- Please cite OSC in your publications:
  - Details at [www.osc.edu/citation](http://www.osc.edu/citation)
- These publications should be reported to OSC





# Hardware Overview

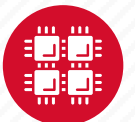
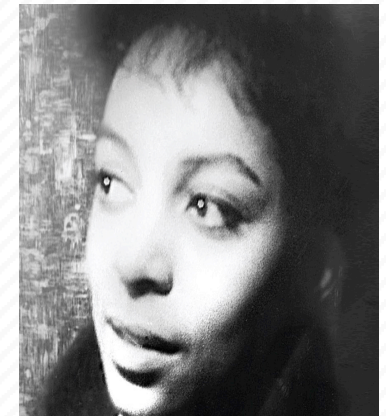
“To err is human, but to really foul things up you need a computer.” – Paul Ehrlich



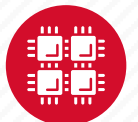
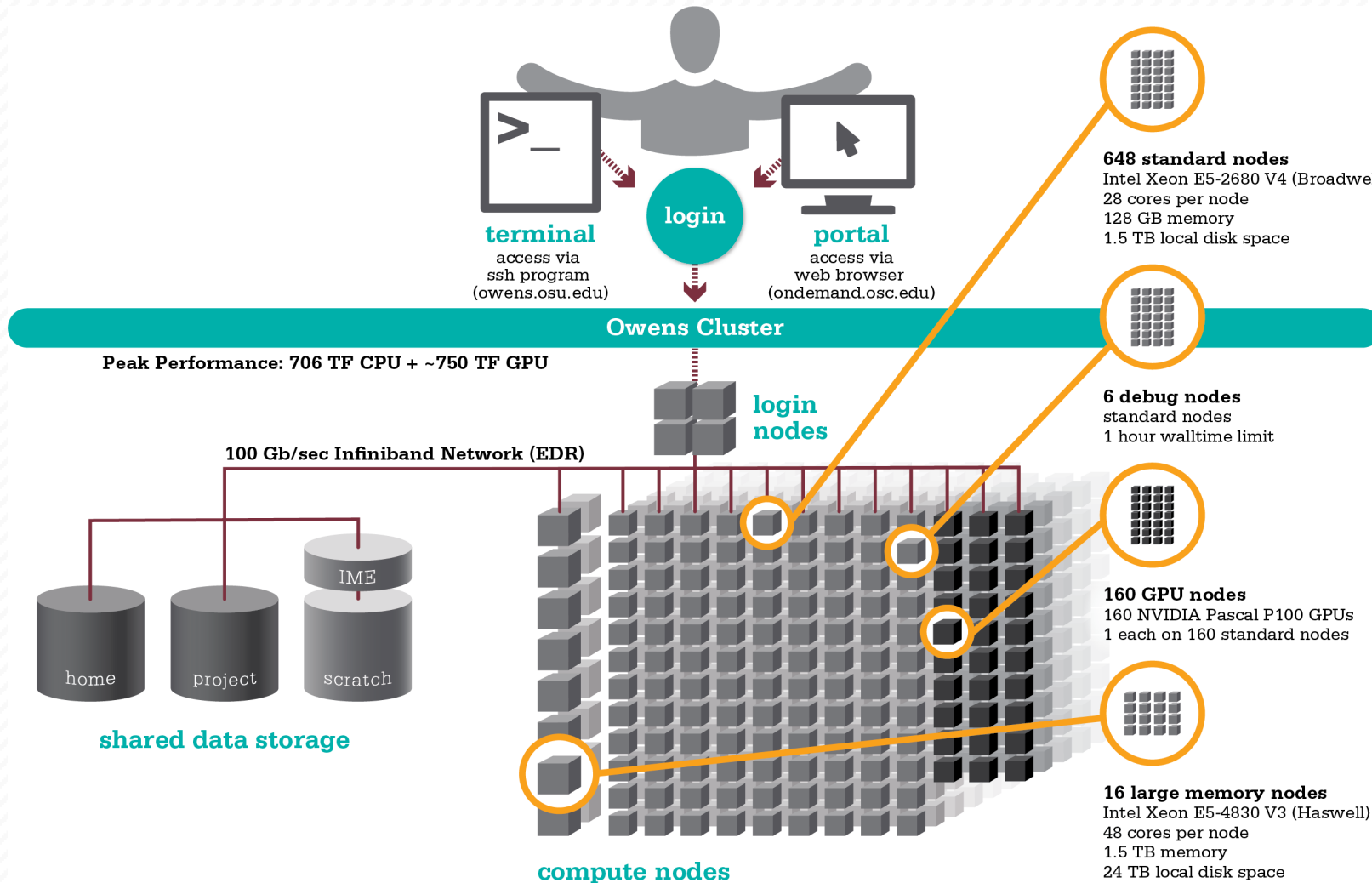
# System Configurations



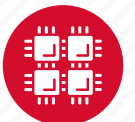
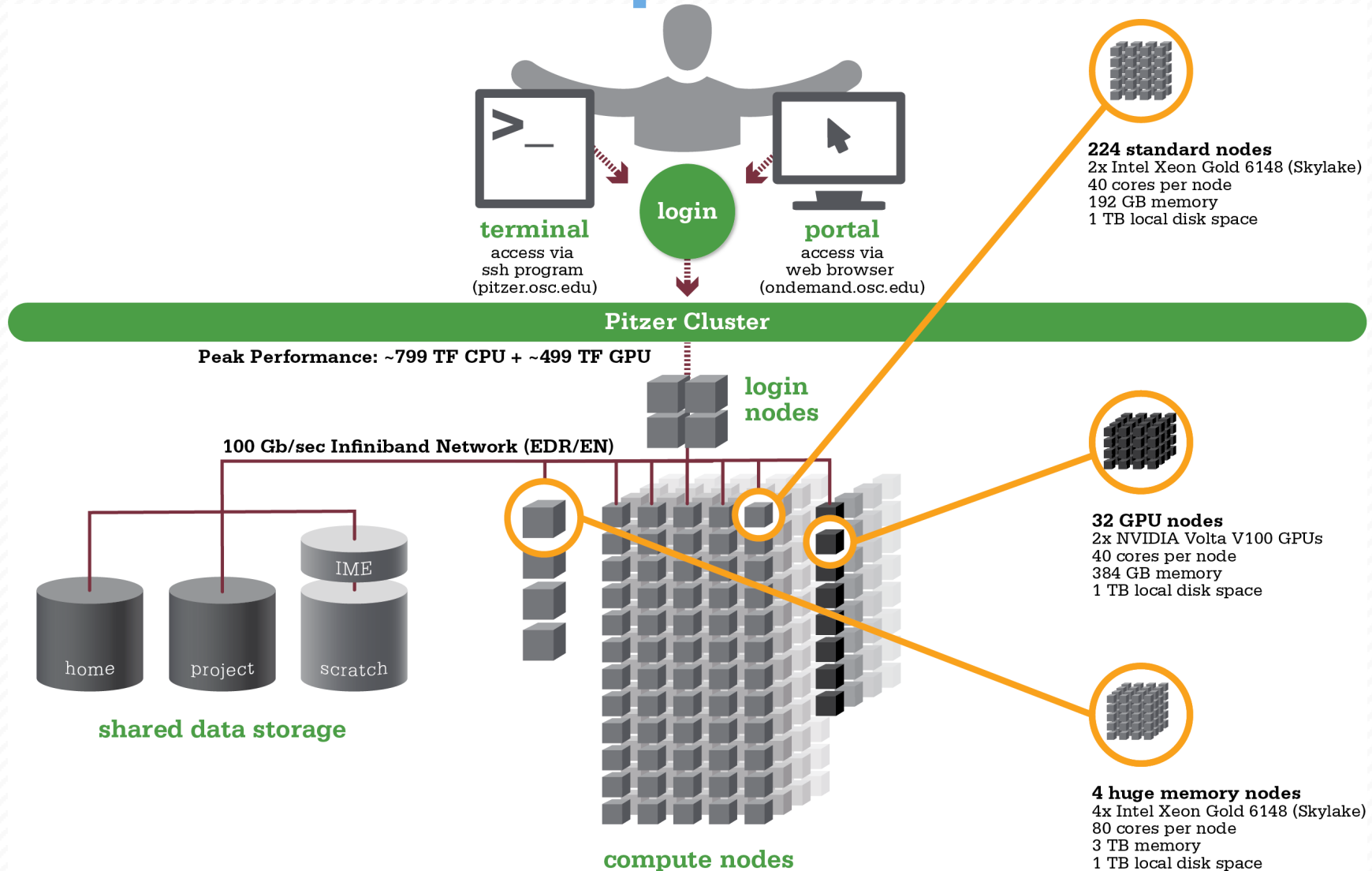
	Pitzer (2018)	Owens (2016)	Ruby (2014)
Theoretical Performance	~1300 TF	~1600 TF	~144 TF
# Nodes	260	824	240
# CPU Cores	10,560	23,392	4,800
Total Memory	~70.6 TB	~120 TB	~15.3 TB
Memory per Core	>5 GB	>5 GB	3.2 GB
Interconnect	EDR IB	EDR IB	FDR/EN IB



# Owens Cluster Specifications



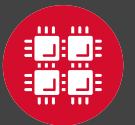
# Pitzer Cluster Specifications





# Login Nodes – Usage

- Purpose
  - Submit jobs to batch system
  - Edit files
  - Manage your files
  - Interactive work – small scale
- Limits
  - 20 minutes CPU time
  - 1GB memory
- **Use the batch system for serious computing!**



# Resources to get your questions answered

FAQs: [https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting\\_started/supercomputing\\_faq](https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting_started/supercomputing_faq)

HOW TOs: [https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting\\_started/howto](https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting_started/howto)

New User Guide: [https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting\\_started/new\\_user\\_resource\\_guide](https://www.osc.edu/resources/getting_started/new_user_resource_guide)

Updated presentations: <https://www.osc.edu/~kcahill/NewUser>

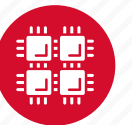
Office Hours:

[go.osu.edu/rc-osc](https://go.osu.edu/rc-osc) Alternate Tuesdays 1-3 p.m. at Research Commons

Walk in: Wed & Fri. 1-2:30 p.m. at Pomerene Hall

System updates

- Read Message of the Day on login
- Follow @HPCNotices on Twitter



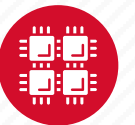
A group of people are gathered around a large poster at a conference. A man in a red and blue plaid shirt is pointing at the poster, while a woman in a white shirt points at it. A woman in a dark jacket is holding a folder and looking at the poster. A man in a dark shirt is standing behind her. In the foreground, a man in a tan shirt is looking towards the poster. The poster is filled with text and diagrams. A television screen in the background displays a car. The text "A DIVIS" is visible on a sign in the background.

Questions?

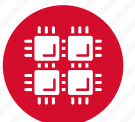
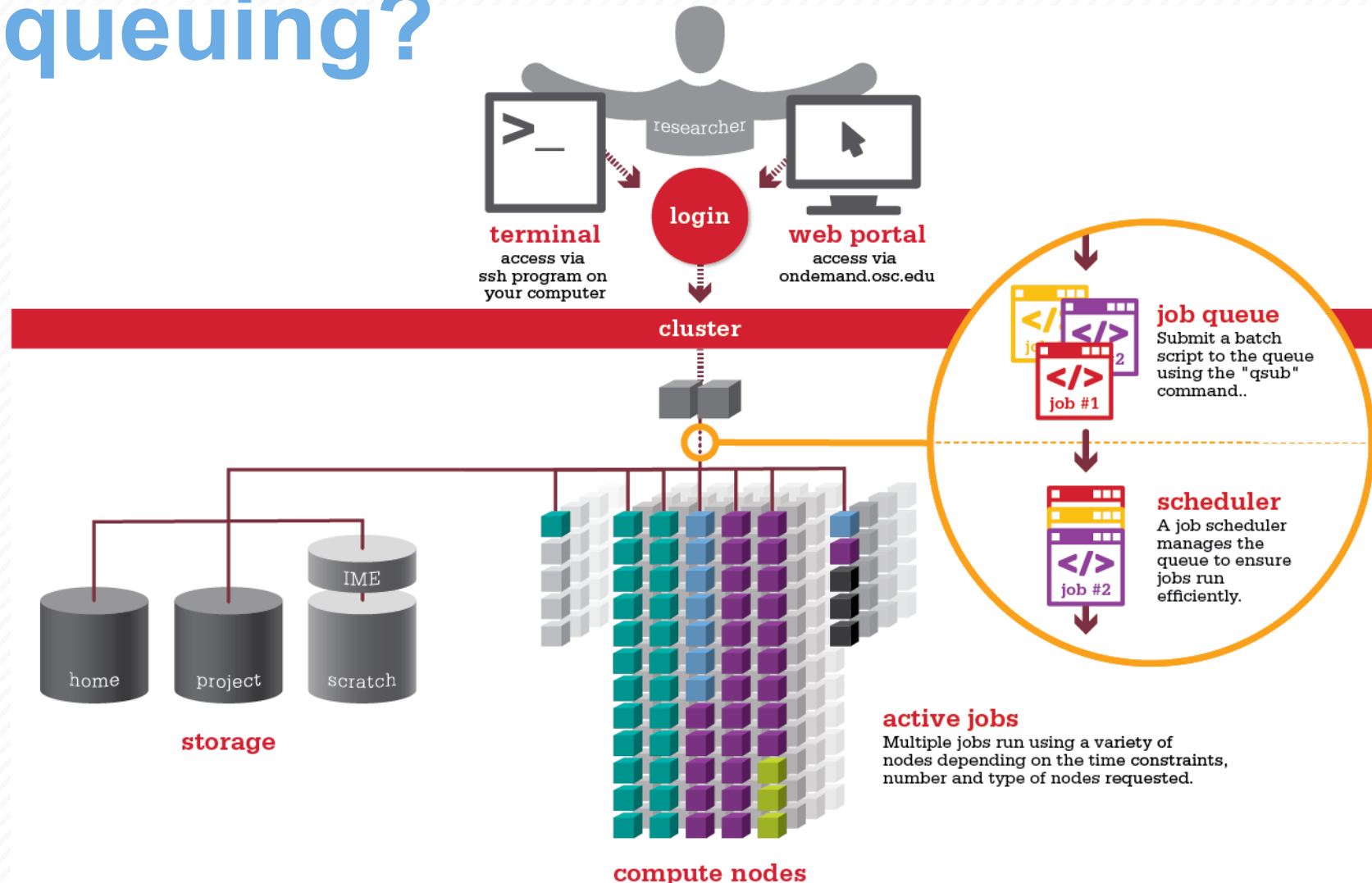


# Batch Processing

“There’s an old story about the person who wished his computer were as easy to use as his telephone. That wish has come true, since I no longer know how to use my telephone.” – Bjarne Stroustrup

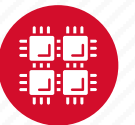


# Why do supercomputers use queuing?



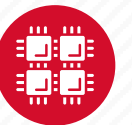
# Idea Behind Batch Processing

- Whatever you would normally type at the command prompt goes into your batch script
- Output that would normally go to the screen goes into a log file (or files)
- The system runs your job when resources become available
- Very efficient in terms of resource utilization



# Batch System at OSC

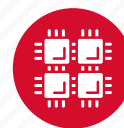
- Compute nodes are allocated through the batch system
  - PBS – Portable Batch System
  - Torque – resource manager
  - Moab – scheduler
- Documentation at [www.osc.edu/supercomputing/batch-processing-at-osc](http://www.osc.edu/supercomputing/batch-processing-at-osc)





# Steps for Running a Job on the Compute Nodes

1. Create a batch script for a job
2. Submit the job
3. Job gets queued
4. Job runs when resources become available
5. Get your results when the job finishes



# Specifying Resources in a Job Script

- Nodes and cores (processors) per node, GPUs
- Memory (optional)
- Walltime
  - Overestimate slightly – job will be deleted if it hits limit
  - Shorter job may start sooner due to backfill
- Project #
- Software licenses
  - See specific software page on OSC website



# Sample Batch Script

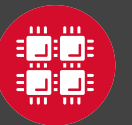
```
#PBS -N serial_fluent
#PBS -l walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -l nodes=1:ppn=28:gpus=1
#PBS -A PAS####
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -l software=fluent+1
# Set up the FLUENT environment
module load fluent
# Move to directory job was submitted from
cd $PBS_O_WORKDIR
# Copy input files to compute node
cp run.input $TMPDIR
cd $TMPDIR
# Run fluent and copy results back to home
fluent 3d -g < run.input
cp 'results*' $PBS_O_WORKDIR
```

Job setup information  
for PBS

# This is a comment

Commands  
to be run

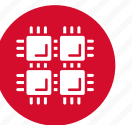
Put all this into a text file!



# Submitting a Job and Checking Status

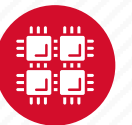
- Command to submit a job
  - `qsub script_file`
- Response from PBS (example)
  - `123456.owens-batch.ten.osc.edu`
- Show status of batch jobs
  - `qstat -a jobid`
  - `qstat -u username`
  - `qstat -f jobid`
- Delete a batch job
  - `qdel jobid`

[List of Batch commands](#) on osc.edu



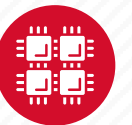
# Scheduling Policies and Limits

- Walltime limit
  - 168 hours for serial jobs (single node)
  - 96 hours for parallel jobs (multiple nodes)
- Per-user limits
  - 128 concurrently running jobs
  - 2040 processor cores in use
  - 1000 jobs in the batch system, running or queued
- Per-group limits
  - 192 concurrently running jobs
  - 2040 processor cores in use



# Waiting for Your Job To Run

- Queue wait time depends on many factors
  - System load
  - Resources requested
    - nodes, cores, large memory, gpus, software licenses
  - Fair share limits (if load is high)
    - reduced priority for users or groups using a lot of resources





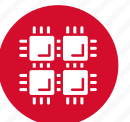
# Job Output

- Screen output ends up in file *job\_name.ojobid*
  - Copied to your working directory when job ends
  - Example:  
`testjob.o1234567`
- To see screen output while job is running
  - `qpeek jobid`
  - Example: `qpeek 1234567`

-----  
Resources requested:  
nodes=2:ppn=28  
-----

Resources used:  
cput=125:18:32  
walltime=02:14:32  
mem=34.824GB  
vmem=77.969GB  
-----

Resource units charged (estimate):  
12.556 RUs  
-----



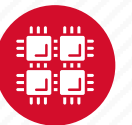
# Interactive Batch Jobs

- Interactive, but handled through batch system
  - Resource limits same as standard batch limits
- Useful for tasks forbidden on login nodes
  - Debug parallel programs
  - Run a GUI program that's too large for login node
- May not be practical when system load is high
  - Long wait, same as standard batch job
- To submit an interactive batch job (example)
  - `qsub -I -X -l nodes=2:ppn=28 -l walltime=1:00:00 -m abe`



# Batch Queues

- The three clusters have separate batch systems
  - Submit job and check status on the same cluster
- Debug reservation
  - A few nodes on each system are reserved for short jobs ( $\leq 1$  hour)
  - Special flag required: `qsub -q debug job_script.sh`



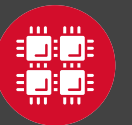
# Parallel Computing

- Each processor is fast, but real speed comes from using multiple processors
- Multithreading
  - Use multiple cores on a single node
  - Shared memory
- Message passing (MPI)
  - Use one or multiple nodes
  - Distributed memory



# To Take Advantage of Parallel Computing

- Program must be written to take advantage of multiple cores and/or multiple nodes
- Many commercial applications have multithreaded or parallel versions
- Must use `mpirexec` for multiple nodes
- **Can't just request more nodes or cores and expect your job to run faster**





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