

# Hands-On Exercises for Performance Tuning Workshop

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These exercises go along with the Performance Tuning workshop. The code is based on the HPCCG miniapp from Mantevo. These exercises assume the use of the Intel 18.0.3 compiler and MVAPICH2 2.3, but you are welcome to use other compilers.

1. Open a Pitzer desktop session through OnDemand (1 node for 3 hours) and open a terminal.
2. Download the source code:

```
git clone git@code.osu.edu:khuvis.1/  
performance2019_handson.git
```

3. Begin by compiling and running the code:

```
module load intel/18.0.3 mvapich2/2.3  
make  
mpirun -np 2 ./test_hpccg 150 150 150
```

4. Your run in the previous step should have exited early with a segmentation fault. So, use the ARM DDT debugger to determine where the code failed and fix the error. Make sure to set the optimization level to `-O0` and add debug symbols with `-g` by changing the value of `CPP_OPT_FLAGS` in the Makefile, then recompile.

```
make clean  
make  
module load arm-ddt  
ddt -np 2 ./test_hpcg 150 150 150
```

5. Now that you have a working code, test different compiler options for optimization levels to see how it affects performance.

```
time mpiexec -np 2 ./test_hpcg 150 150 150
```

Compiler flag	Runtime (seconds)
-O0	
-O1	
-O2	
-O3	

- Next, add the `-qopt-report=5` compiler flag and recompile to view an optimization report.
- Next, let's get an overview of the bottlenecks in the code with the ARM performance report:

```
module load arm-pr  
perf-report -np 2 ./test_hpcg 150 150 150
```

Open the html file in your browser to view the report. What are the bottlenecks in the code?

- Use ARM MAP to see which functions/lines of the code are most expensive.

```
module load arm-map  
map -np 2 ./test_hpcg 150 150 150
```

Look for any opportunities to improve the memory access patterns among the most expensive functions.

- Next, look for any opportunities to improve vectorization among the most expensive function you identified with ARM MAP.
- Use ITAC to get a timeline of the run of the code.

```
module load intelmpi  
LD_PRELOAD=libVT.so mpiexec -trace -np 40 ./test_hpcg  
150 150 150  
traceanalyzer <stf_file >
```

Look at the Event Timeline (under Charts). Do you see any communication patterns that could be replaced by a single MPI command? Note: you may need to run on a larger number of nodes to see the benefits (i.e., 8 nodes).