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Ohio Supercomputer Center

# Introducing Computational Science in the Curriculum – Part 3

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# Creating a Conceptual Model

- Start with a topic that everyone can relate to
- Discuss all of the conditions that will affect the system
- Discuss simplification into a model
- Introduce modeling terminology

# First Modeling Exercise

- Model of the time it takes to get from your house to a place of work using alternate routes
- Possible Objectives
  - Minimize the time it takes
  - Avoid traffic congestion
  - Avoid freeways (old car)
  - Go by a friends house, restaurant, etc.

# Conceptual Model

- List all **variables** of importance
- Define **cause and effect** relationships
  - From scientific evidence or theories
  - From physical “laws”
  - From our own ideas
- Estimate nature of the relationship, form of the relationship, and quantitative estimate

# Weather and Traffic

Weather Condition	Impact on Traffic Flow
Clear skies, no wind	
Light rain	
Heavy rain	
Light snow	
Heavy snow	
Heavy snow and blowing, poor visibility	
Freezing rain	
Other?	

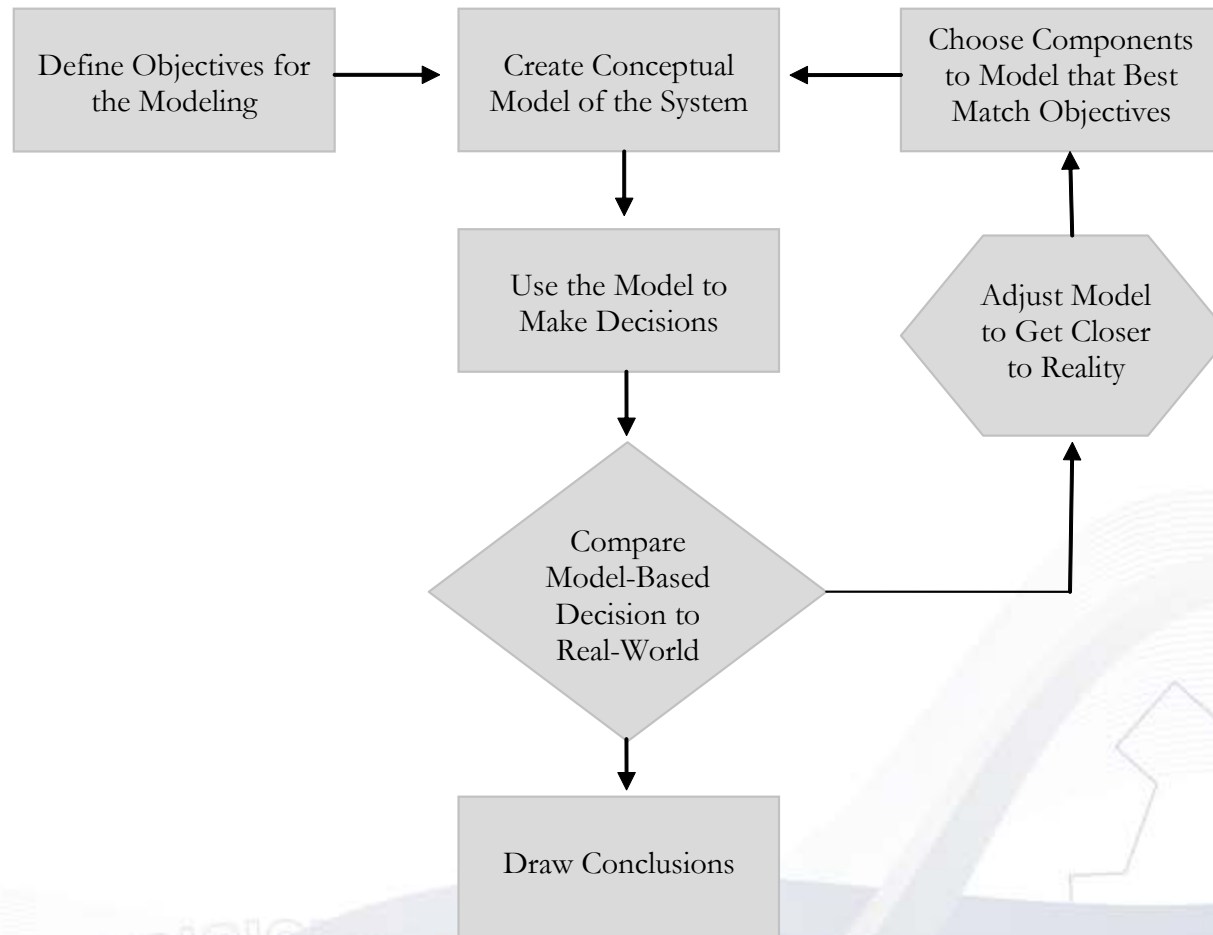
# More Modeling Ideas

- Assess the **accuracy** of our model
  - How close does it come to the real answer?
  - How would we measure this?
- Simplify the model – eliminate some variables from consideration
  - Decide which conditions represent the “majority” of cases
  - Leave out other conditions to be modeled at a later time

## Still More Ideas

- Hold some **variables** constant for a range of forecasts
  - Sometimes referred to as model **parameters**
  - Test the **sensitivity** of the results to changes in the values of the parameters
- **Verify** whether the calculations are done correctly
  - Is the code correct? Is the computer algorithm being used appropriately in the calculation?
- **Validate** the model as accurate
  - Compare the model results with experimental data

**Figure 2: The Modeling and Inquiry Process**





# Conceptual Traffic Model

- Assuming we want to minimize the time it takes us to go from home to work, what should be the conceptual components of our traffic model?
- Open file `trafficmodel.pdf` to see the assignment
- Examine the code – `traffic1b` (discuss)
- Run the model from the website using different values for red light time
- Which route is preferred and when?

# Optional Extension

- Focus on the nature of the traffic flow versus congestion relationship
  - Relationship is not linear as congestion increases
  - Potential differences in results if highly congested conditions exist
- Opportunity to discuss the model limitations
  - Forecasting with assumptions that are violated by the conditions
  - Forecasting beyond experimental data
  - Passing a critical point where physical conditions or behaviors change significantly

# Extending This Approach

- The same approach can be used for modeling examples from a wide range of science and engineering phenomena
  - Conceptual model of the system
  - Examine a current model and define its implicit and explicit assumptions
  - Use the model to gain insights about the system
  - Learn about additions that can relax assumptions
  - Connect with programming and algorithm applications
  - Verify and validate the model

# Non-Linear Phenomena

- Many phenomena are not amenable to representation by linear models
- Non-linear models can be applied
- Must understand the form of the relationship from experimental data

# Examples of Non-linear Equations

- Logarithmic
- Quadratic
- Exponential
- Polynomials

# Quadratic Equations

- Basic form

$$f(x) = a * x^2 + b * x + c$$

- Visualizing a quadratic function

- <http://www.shodor.org/interactivate/activities/FunctionFlyer/>

- Try this equation

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 10x + 6$$

Use the applet to understand the effect of changing the coefficients on function shape and location

# Real-world Examples

- Bowling Ball and Car

- Other example for you to explore

<http://www.physics.umn.edu/outreach/pforce/index.html>

- Watch the Monkey and Hunter Movie

<http://physics.doane.edu/physicsvideolibrary/default.html#projectile>

- Watch movie relating to basketball toss and/or projectile truck

# Observation Questions

- What are the two forces acting on the objects in the horizontal and vertical directions?
- Are the forces dependent or independent?
- If you were to graph the path of the objects, what geometric object would that path match?



# Exponential Functions

- Basic form

$$f(x) = a \cdot b^x$$

- Graph in function flyer

$$f(x) = 4 \cdot 2^x \text{ (positive exponential)}$$

Change the graph limits

- $x_{\min} = -4$ ;  $x_{\max} = 15$
- $y_{\min} = -3$ ;  $y_{\max} = 15$

- Try  $f(x) = 4 \cdot 2^{(-1 \cdot x)}$  (negative exponential)

# Example: Compound Interest

$$x_{t+1} = x_t e^k$$

where  $x$  is the value at times  $t$  and  $t+1$

$k$  is the growth constant

$e$  is the base of the natural log

# Traditional Exponential Function

$$x(t) = x_0 e^{kt}$$

Solve for X at any time period given the base and the growth rate

# Example Exercises

- Modeling a ball drop
- Review exercise – Quadratic Model Exercise.pdf
- Learning about recursion in programming to estimate values of a non-linear equation
- Examine the code
- Run the model
  - What is wrong with this model?